# ANTI FRAUD, BRIBERY and CORRUPTION POLICY

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<tr>
<th>Responsible Office</th>
<th>Finance &amp; Infrastructure</th>
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<td>Responsible Officer</td>
<td>Pro Vice-Chancellor (Finance &amp; Infrastructure)</td>
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<td>Approving Authority</td>
<td>Audit Committee</td>
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<td>Date of Approval</td>
<td>16 June 2020</td>
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<td>Effective Date</td>
<td>16 June 2020</td>
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<td>Related Procedures</td>
<td>Financial Regulations</td>
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<td>Related University Policies</td>
<td>Gifts and Hospitality Policy</td>
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<td>Whistleblowing Policy</td>
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<td>Amended (if applicable)</td>
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<td>Next review due</td>
<td>June 2025</td>
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1. **Introduction and Overview**

1.1 Fraud, bribery and corruption divert money and management attention away from the University’s core operations and could threaten the University’s reputation.

1.2 The University is committed to high standards of ethical behaviour, acting with integrity and upholding the law. Acts of fraud, bribery and other corrupt behaviour will not be tolerated in any of the University’s activities, at home or abroad, including where such activities are carried out by third parties acting on the University’s behalf.

1.3 The University also strives to create and maintain an honest, open and well-intentioned working environment where University staff and other stakeholders are confident to raise their concerns without fear of reprisal.

1.4 This Policy outlines expectations of staff and third parties and gives guidance on how concerns should be raised, investigated and resolved.

1.5 Where justified, disciplinary and/or legal action will be taken against any individual or group who perpetrates any act constituting fraud against the University and all necessary steps will be taken to recover any losses incurred.

1. **Definitions and legislative context**

**Fraud**

2.1 ‘Fraud’ is a broad term used to describe a number of activities including theft, embezzlement, false accounting, misappropriation, deception and collusion. In general, a fraud involves deception to dishonestly make a personal gain and/or create a loss for another party.

2.2 The Fraud Act 2006 defines three classes of fraud:

- Fraud by false representation
- Fraud by failing to disclose information
- Fraud by abuse of position

2.3 Examples of fraud under these definitions are shown at Appendix A.

2.4 In all three classes of fraud, the Fraud Action 2006 requires that for an offence to have occurred, the person must have acted dishonestly, and that they have acted with the intent of making gain for themselves or anyone else, or inflicting loss (or risk of loss) on another.

**Bribery**

2.5 Bribery’ is a financial or other advantage offered as an inducement to another to persuade them to carry out their functions improperly.

2.6 The Bribery Act 2010 sets out offences relating to making a bribe, requesting or accepting a bribe, and bribing foreign public officials (wherever that takes place).

2.7 There is also a corporate offence of “failing to prevent bribery”. The University must have “adequate procedures” in place to avoid being convicted of this offence.
2.8 Under the Bribery Act 2010, it is a criminal offence to give or receive (or promise to give or receive) a bribe anywhere in the world.

2.9 Bribes usually take the form of improper payments or personal "commissions". They can, however, take on many different shapes and forms, such as gift cards, gifts, entertainment and shopping trips, payment of travel and other expenses, secret rebates, or charitable or political donations.

2.10 Facilitation payments, which are common in some countries, are also outlawed under the Bribery Act 2010. These payments secure or expedite routine or necessary Government action by a public official. A facilitation payment includes a payment to a public official to do their job properly as well as payment to do their job improperly.

2.11 The University is accountable for the actions of any third parties who work on behalf of the University, e.g. international agents, contractors. Under the Bribery Act 2010, these third parties are known as "associated persons".

2.12 Factors known to increase the risk of bribery are:
   • The use of sub-contractors
   • The working practices adopted in certain countries
   • Working with industrial sectors that are known to present increased bribery risks e.g. pharmaceutical and construction sectors.

2.13 Examples of situations involving bribery are shown at Appendix A.

Corruption

2.14 Corruption is the misuse of power for personal gain.

Tax Evasion

2.15 The Criminal Finance Act 2017 introduced two new criminal offences; one relating to UK tax evasion, one relating to foreign tax evasion. The new offences, which came into force on 30 September 2017, are designed to help the Government counter circumstances where an employee facilitates tax evasion by their customers or suppliers. This could arise, for example, if a University employee conspired with a supplier to falsify the amount paid on an invoice so that the supplier evaded paying income or corporate taxes.

2. Scope and application of this Policy

3.1 This Policy applies to all staff, governors and "associated persons" (as defined in the Bribery Act 2010 - including contractors and authorised representatives); and all University activities undertaken in the UK or overseas.

The University’s approach to fraud, bribery and corruption

3.2 The University will not tolerate fraud, bribery or any other corrupt activity, carried out by its own staff or by third parties acting on behalf of the University.
3.3 The University will seek to prevent such activity by a variety of measures including:

- risk assessments to ensure a proportionate response is made to activities and areas at risk of fraud and bribery;
- strong internal controls, to prevent and detect irregularities;
- strict recruitment and induction procedures;
- a clear articulation of the conduct expected of staff;
- staff awareness and training; and
- learning from incidents by improving internal controls.

3.4 The University will encourage its staff, contractors and related parties to report concerns and suspicious activity (see Section C on “reporting concerns”).

3.5 The University will maintain a Fraud Response Plan (see Section D) to ensure concerns are investigated appropriately and conclusions reached.

Implementing the Policy

3.6 The Pro Vice-Chancellor (Finance & Infrastructure) is responsible for ensuring strong internal financial controls across the University, including the implementation and maintenance of fraud risk assessments and associated internal controls.

3.7 The University Secretary is responsible for responding to reports of suspected fraud, bribery and corrupt activities and for initiating the Fraud Response Plan, including the commissioning of any internal audit investigations.

3.8 The University Secretary will require the Head of the University’s provider of internal audit services (‘Internal Auditor’) to ensure that:

- all fraud investigation staff are familiar with and follow rules on the admissibility of documentary and other evidence in criminal proceedings;
- all fraud investigation staff are familiar with the University’s disciplinary procedures, to ensure that evidence requirements will be met during any fraud investigation;
- recommendations regarding police notification are given at a timely point in the investigation;

Expectations of University staff, contractors and third parties (i.e. “associated persons”)

3.9 General expectations of University staff include:

- To discharge duties in accordance with their employment or contractual obligations and with due regard to University policies and procedures;
- To undertake all training associated with this Policy;
- To avoid all activities which are fraudulent or corrupt including bribery, e.g. acting dishonestly to cause a loss to the University or others or to make a gain for themselves and/or parties known to them; offering (including promising to offer), requesting or receiving (including promising to receive) a bribe at any time; the payment of facilitation payments; or abusing their position.
To follow the University's guidance around the offer and acceptance of gifts and hospitality, as outlined in the University's Policy on Gifts and Hospitality.

To disclose any interests or external activities as required by the University.

To remain vigilant and report to the appropriate person (see Section C) concerns related to suspected fraud, bribery or other corrupt behaviour.

To co-operate fully with any internal or external investigations carried out into reported concerns.

To maintain confidentiality about any suspected or actual incidents involving the University.

### 3. Reporting concerns about suspected irregularities

3.1 Suspicion of fraud or irregularity may arise through a range of means including the day-to-day operation of University procedures and planned internal or external audit work.

3.2 All actual or suspected instances of irregularity relating to the scope of this Policy should be reported without delay as detailed below.

3.3 Colleagues who raise genuine concerns about possible non-compliance will not be dismissed, demoted or otherwise suffer a detriment for raising those concerns.

3.4 Staff should be aware that disciplinary action may be taken against them if it becomes clear that they had knowledge that an act of fraud, bribery or corruption had taken place but had failed to report it.

3.5 See Appendix B for a flowchart of the reporting channels for raising concerns.

### Reporting concerns regarding fraud, bribery and other irregularities

3.6 In the first instance, employees should notify their line manager and/or principal budget holder (as defined in the Financial Regulations) as soon as possible of any financial irregularities or matters which may give rise to suspicion of corrupt activity within their areas of responsibility. Concerns should normally be communicated in writing but may be made orally in exceptional circumstances. The report should provide a brief description of the alleged irregularity, the loss (or potential loss) involved, the individual(s) possibly involved; and any evidence supporting the concern.

3.7 The line manager / principal budget holder should make an initial assessment of the concern by considering the evidence provided, the credibility of the source and any other linked information or anecdotes (whether current or historical). As soon as possible and in any event within 3 days, they should notify the PVC Finance & Infrastructure who will inform the University Secretary without delay. The University Secretary may be notified directly if the PVC Finance & Infrastructure is unavailable or if the concern relates in any way to the PVC Finance & Infrastructure.

3.8 If reporting via the line manager or principal budget holder is considered
inappropriate (e.g. if the concern relates to them) or their response is considered to be unsatisfactory then a report may be made directly to the University Secretary.

Procedure for contractors or third parties to report concerns

3.9 In the first instance, staff employed by contractors and third parties should notify their line manager of any concerns and/or the main University contact for the project or contract.

3.10 Concerns should normally be communicated in writing but may be made orally in exceptional circumstances. The report should provide a brief description of the alleged irregularity, the loss (or potential loss) involved, the individual(s) possibly involved and any evidence supporting the concern.

3.11 If, for any reason, reporting via the line manager or main University contact is considered inappropriate (e.g. if the concern relates to them) or their response is considered to be unsatisfactory then a report may be made directly to the University Secretary.

Anonymous and malicious reports

3.12 It can be more difficult to assess and investigate anonymous allegations. For this reason, anonymous reporting is discouraged but, in exceptional circumstances and where supported by evidence, may form the basis of an investigation.

3.13 If an allegation is determined to have been made frivolously, in bad faith, maliciously, for personal gain or for revenge, disciplinary action may be taken against the person(s) making such an allegation.

Record Keeping

3.14 The University Secretary will keep a register of all reported concerns that have brought to his/her attention under this Policy. The register will include reference to any associated investigations and outcomes and will be kept for at least six years.

4. How the University will respond to concerns

Fraud Response Plan for reported concerns

4.1 The purpose of the Fraud Response Plan is to define responsibilities, key actions and reporting lines in the event of a suspected fraud or other irregularity. It should help the University:

- assign responsibility for investigating the incident;
- keep relevant staff and Governors informed of the investigation and its outcome;
- prevent further loss and recover losses;
- establish and secure evidence necessary for criminal and/or disciplinary action;
- punish the perpetrators;
- notify other bodies, where required, including the police and Office for Students; and
• learn lessons from the incident and implement measures to prevent a recurrence.

Responsibilities

4.2 The University Secretary is responsible for co-ordinating the University’s response to actual or suspected incidents under the scope of this Policy.

4.3 Upon notification and initial consideration of a concern and, wherever possible, within 24 hours, the University Secretary shall inform the Vice-Chancellor (and PVC Finance & Infrastructure, if the concern has not been raised via him/her) and shall consider whether the concern warrants the convening of the Fraud Response Group.

4.4 If the Fraud Response Group is convened, the Group should be constituted as soon as reasonably practicable and should include a minimum of 3 members. The Group will normally include, where practicable, the following staff:

• University Secretary (Chair)
• Director of Human Resources
• PVC Finance & Infrastructure

4.5 The Head of the University’s provider of internal audit services may also be invited to attend the Fraud Response Group.

4.6 If a Group meeting is not feasible, the University Secretary shall consult members of the Fraud Response Group before determining action. If any of the office-holders named above hold direct management responsibility for the area under investigation, or are otherwise implicated in the suspected irregularity, their role may be taken by another appropriate senior officer.

4.7 The University’s provider of internal audit services shall normally be informed of all attempted, suspected or actual fraud or irregularity. The internal auditor is required to consider any implications of investigations into attempted, suspected or actual fraud or irregularity in relation to the internal control system, and to make recommendations to management, as appropriate, to strengthen the systems and controls.

4.8 Final responsibility for the decision to involve the internal auditor to investigate the concern further rests with the University Secretary, who shall consult with the Chair of the Audit Committee.

Investigation

4.9 Investigations into suspected fraud, bribery and corruption will be carried out in a fair and impartial way.

4.10 This will involve an investigation, normally led by the University’s provider of internal audit services, taking account of appropriate professional practice and any relevant guidance issued by the Office for Students, the Charity Commission or any other relevant body.

4.11 Internal Audit will report progress with the investigation to the University Secretary, who shall advise the Fraud Response Group. Progress with the investigation will be reported to the Chair of the Audit Committee and, as required, to the full Audit Committee and the Board of Governors.
Preventing further loss

4.12 To prevent further loss, it may be necessary to suspend staff during the investigation. Further details are given at Section D2.

Establishing and securing evidence

4.13 A major objective in any fraud investigation is the punishment of the perpetrators, to act as a deterrent. Only appropriately trained staff will conduct fraud investigations to ensure evidence is obtained and secured in the correct manner.

Recovery of losses

4.14 Recovering losses is a crucial element of any fraud investigation. The PVC Finance & Infrastructure shall ensure that in all fraud investigations, the amount of any loss will be quantified. Restitution of misappropriated assets shall be sought where possible in all cases.

4.15 Legal advice shall be obtained as required about prospects for recovering losses through the civil court, in the event that the perpetrator refuses repayment. The University will normally seek to recover all costs in addition to losses.

Final outcomes of investigation

4.16 On completion of the investigation, Internal Audit shall produce a written report for the Fraud Response Group. The report will include the following:

- a conclusion as to whether the reported concern(s) has any substance;
- the nature and extent of the fraud or irregularity;
- its impact, financial and otherwise, upon the University;
- who was involved (including those staff and/or management whose failure to exercise appropriate supervision or control may have contributed to the fraud);
- internal control weaknesses which may have allowed the irregularity to occur; and
- recommendations regarding actions required to prevent a recurrence.

4.17 Once approved, the University Secretary will forward the report to the Vice-Chancellor, together with any further recommendations made by the Group. Where allegations of fraud, bribery or corruption have been upheld, the principal findings and conclusions of the Fraud Response Group should also include:

- a recommendation regarding legal action through criminal or civil law channels; and
- a recommendation regarding disciplinary action.

4.18 Any legal proceedings or other related actions will be conducted or directed by the University Secretary. Any disciplinary action taken will be in accordance with University’s disciplinary procedures.

Wider notification requirements

Notification to Governors

4.19 The University Secretary will notify the Chair of the Audit Committee and, as required, summarise the matter to the next Audit Committee meeting.
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Notification to the Office for Students

4.20 In consultation with the Vice-Chancellor, the University Secretary will ensure that the University complies with any requirement for notification to the Office for Students in respect of incidents reported under the scope of this Policy.

Notification to Police

4.21 Following investigation, as outlined in D1.3 above, the Fraud Response Group will consider the possibility of criminal proceedings, taking advice from the police as required. The University Secretary (or in his/her absence, the University’s Legal Counsel) is authorised to report such incidents to the police and will ensure feedback is provided to the Fraud Response Group regarding any police action.

Notification to Insurers

4.22 The Pro Vice-Chancellor Finance & Infrastructure will ensure that relevant information is provided to insurers as required.

Human Resource considerations

Suspension during investigation

4.23 The Director of Human Resources will participate in the Fraud Response Group and will assist the Group to decide whether staff suspension is required during the investigation under the University’s disciplinary procedure.

4.24 Individuals suspected of fraud, bribery or corruption may be suspended immediately (on full pay) pending a full investigation. In some cases it may also be necessary to suspend other staff (on full pay) in order to conduct a proper investigation.

4.25 The suspension of a member of staff does not constitute a finding of misconduct against him or her. Any staff suspended as a result of suspected bribery or fraud will be informed of the reason for the suspension.

4.26 In such circumstances, the suspect(s) should be approached unannounced and supervised at all times before leaving the University's premises. They should be allowed to collect personal property under supervision, but should not be able to remove any property belonging to the University. Any security passes and keys to premises, offices and furniture should be returned.

4.27 The Director of Estates and Facilities and the Director of IT Services shall be consulted on the best means of denying access to the University and its IT facilities, while persons remain suspended.

4.28 During the period of any suspension the suspended member of staff will not be permitted to return to the premises, to make contact with staff or witnesses, or to act on behalf of the University, unless given express permission to do so by the relevant University authorities. Any infringement of this requirement may be treated as a disciplinary offence.

Disciplinary action

4.29 The University will follow disciplinary procedures against any member of staff who has committed fraud, bribery or corruption, which may result in dismissal.
5. **Further help and guidance about this policy**

5.1 For general guidance on the application of this Policy, please contact:

- PVC Finance & Infrastructure
- University Secretary
- Director of Human Resources
- Legal Counsel
### Appendix A – Examples of Fraud and Bribery

The examples below are not intended to be exhaustive but provide a general indication of the range of matters covered by this Policy.

#### Fraud: Examples

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<th>Example</th>
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<tr>
<td>Deliberate personal gain/benefit as a result of misuse of University research funds</td>
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<td>Falsifying financial statements</td>
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<td>Embezzlement, taking money which one has been entrusted with on behalf of another party</td>
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<td>Illegal diversion of funds e.g. receiving cash and not recording its receipt</td>
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<td>Tax evasion, major counterfeiting rings, ‘advance fee’ frauds</td>
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<td>Submitting false qualifications, professional registrations and/or references to obtain employment</td>
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<td>Failing to declare criminal convictions e.g. under the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974</td>
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<td>Falsifying expense claims e.g. excessive expenses or expenses which are not reflective of actual activities or were never wholly incurred</td>
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<td>Falsely claiming to be off sick</td>
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<td>Falsifying time records and claiming for hours not worked (e.g. overtime)</td>
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<td>Completing private work during University time</td>
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<td>Falsifying records to steal University property</td>
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<td>Corporate identity fraud, e.g. using the University’s logo or letterhead for personal reasons and/or to imply the University has sanctioned the content of the document or that the document is sent for and on behalf of the University.</td>
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#### Bribery: Examples

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<td>Payment of a facilitation payment e.g. at international border points (NB: unless personal safety is at risk)</td>
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<td>Alteration of academic outcomes or awards in return for an inducement</td>
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<td>Alteration of the outputs or findings of work undertaken (e.g. research or consultancy work) in return for an inducement</td>
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<tr>
<td>Alteration, including destruction, of any documentation or records in return for an inducement</td>
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<td>Accepting gifts and/or hospitality from current or potential suppliers of goods/services during procurement exercises. This could be an attempt to influence the University’s actions during the process and should be refused</td>
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<td>Accepting excessive levels of gifts or hospitality knowing that it is intended to influence the outcome of a decision or other outcome</td>
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Appendix B - Raising concerns flowchart

The University encourages all concerns to be raised

If your concern relates to possible handling money or items associated with the proceeds of crime (i.e. money laundering)

- Complete a report of the circumstances to the Money Laundering Reporting Officer (or the University Secretary where this involves the MLRO) marked 'Confidential'

If you are raising a concern in good faith, regarding possible fraud, bribery or corrupt behaviour

- Notify your line manager/principal budget holder
- Principal budget holder should alert the PVC Finance and Infrastructure
- PVC Finance and Infrastructure will inform the University Secretary

If considered inappropriate or you remain dissatisfied after following the above procedure, please write directly to the University Secretary

The University will:
- Listen, document and acknowledge your concern
- Respect your confidentiality as far as possible
- Conduct a full investigation (if appropriate)
- Assess whether any further action is required
- Keep you informed and (save in exceptional circumstances) advise you of the final outcome